

Key Vocabulary	
alliance	An agreement between two or more people, groups or countries to support each other.
armistice	An agreement by countries at war to stop fighting.
assassinated	The act of murdering someone (usually an important person).
colonised	One country taking control of another country.
declare	To announce.
invade	To enter an area and forcibly take control.
rationed	Being given a food allowance when food is in short supply.
trench	A long, narrow ditch dug by troops to provide a place of shelter from enemy fire
conscription	compulsory enrollment for service in a country's armed forces.
volunteer	freely offer to do something.



First World War –Family—Year 5-6—Cycle A



Sticky Knowledge

- The First World War began in July 1914 and ended in November 1918
- The main event thought to have triggered the start of the First World War is the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand.
- The Allies (Triple Entente) were Uk, France and Russia
- The Triple Alliance/Central Powers were Germany, Italy and Austro-Hungary
- The first world war was also known as The Great War and The War to End All Wars
- The Accrington Pals was a battalion of men made up from Accrington and surrounding areas
- The Battle of the Somme was fought from 1st July-18th November 1916
- 60,000 lives were lost on the first day of the Battle of the Somme.
- Over one million soldiers died during this battle
- Poppies are worn around Remembrance Day 11th November

Resources

- War Horse—Michael Morpurgo
- BBC Bitesize and BBC Video
- LCC Archive



Key Skills

- Locate Germany, UK, Russia, Austria and Hungary on a world map.
- Know the difference between Primary and secondary sources of evidence.
- Identify where to find local sources of information.
- Understand what life was like during war time.
- Use empathy to imagine losing family members during war

July 28th 1914 - November 11th 1918

The Triple Entente/The Allies	The Triple Alliance/The Central Powers
 United Kingdom	 Germany
 France	 Italy
 Russia	 Austria-Hungary